

Classification of the Himalaya

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This study aims to classify the different groups of the Himalaya from its eastern end westward through the peaks of Garhwal (Uttar Pradesh) in India. Wherever data have been available, it gives a listing of all peaks above 6500 meters (21,326 feet) and all officially named peaks between 6000 meters (19,685 feet) and 6500 meters with altitudes and coordinates. In some ranges, where peaks are lower, some unnamed peaks in the second category have been included.

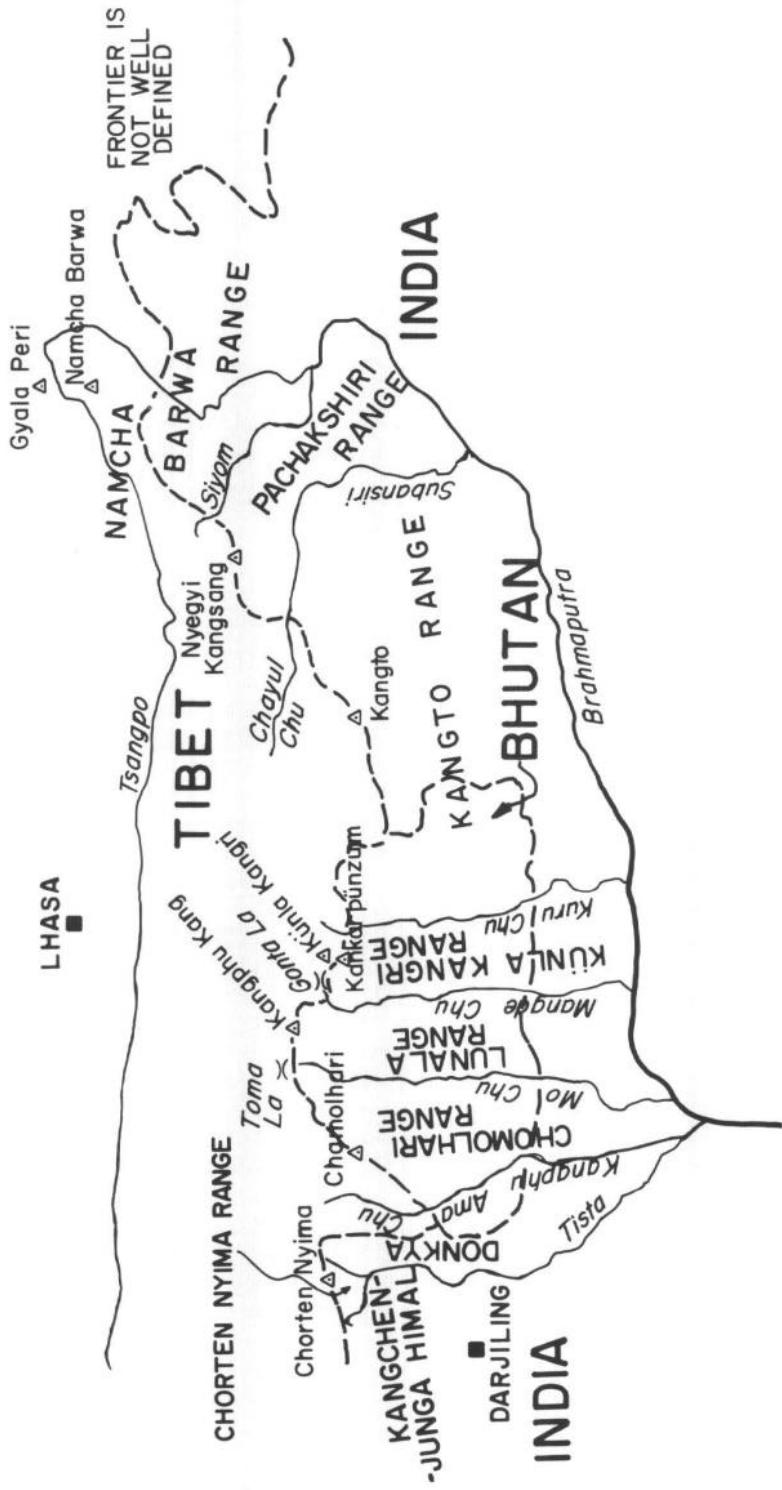
The Nepalese section depends almost entirely on the outstanding work done by Dr. Harka Gurung and Dr. Ram Krishna Shrestha. These two Nepalese scholars put together an inventory of *all* Nepalese peaks above 6000 meters with the latest altitudes, corrected names and coordinates. They used primarily the Survey of India topographic sheets at a scale of an inch to a mile (1:63,360). They also used maps at 1:50,000 prepared for the Sino-Nepalese Boundary Agreement of 1979.

For the Indian regions, extensive use was made of three maps published by the Schweizerische Stiftung für Alpine Forschungen (Swiss Foundation for Alpine Research) of Sikkim, Garhwal East and Garhwal West. Harish Kapadia and Dhiran Toolsides in particular gave great assistance by checking Indian data against further information available to them. Colonel Lakshmi Pati Sharma made valuable suggestions. Dr. Shi Yafeng also helped by providing an excellent Chinese map of the Everest region. In all sections, the Japanese *Mountain-engineering Maps of the World* proved indispensable.

Dr. Zbigniew Kowalewski had made fine studies, which are reflected here. I am also grateful to many people, including Soli Mehta, Jimmy Roberts, Trevor Braham, Captain M.S. Kohli, Brigadier Jagjit Singh and others who criticized a preliminary rough draft.

It will be noted that some of the altitudes differ from what may have been previously accepted. These are the results of recent surveys. Also, some of the names are different (Kumbhakarna instead of Jannu, for instance), but the ones published are those which are now officially accepted by the various countries. Spellings have been made as much as possible to accord with what is used in the countries concerned.

Unfortunately in some regions available data are scanty. It is unlikely that very accurate surveys have been made in Bhutan. Indian authorities have been reluctant to give out information (which at the moment prevents continuing this survey farther to the west) and Chinese (Tibetan) sources have been very scant.



This study was instigated when the late Toni Hiebeler requested the compiler to give a paper at the Himalaya Conference of the German Alpine Club in Munich in March 1983. The Karakoram had been classified admirably at the Karakoram Conference of 1937 as reported in the *Himalayan Journal* of 1938 on pages 86 to 125, but nothing similar had been done for the rest of the great Asian chains.

In defining various mountain ranges, the chief landmarks used here are major rivers and passes. In many cases where the mountains diminish to lesser altitudes, there is no attempt made to make a definitive border, especially in the north and south. Although for the most part the great peaks lie in the Great Himalaya, the next well defined chain to the north, the Zanskar Mountains, has some of the high peaks, such as Kamet and the mountains which divide western Nepal from Tibet.

The Eastern Himalaya as far west as the Kangphu-Amo Chu west of Bhutan is given only in summary for lack of data.

I. Eastern Himalaya to the Kuru Chu (mostly in China and Arunachal Pradesh)

Namcha Barwa Range. Much of this range lies in China. It starts in the northeast with Gyala Peri (7150 meters). It includes the Great Bend of the Tsangpo (Brahmaputra), where Namcha Barwa (7782 meters, 29°37'51" N, 95°03'31" E) lies. The southwestern border of the group is the Siyom River (also on some maps Siropate or Shapaleng), which joins the Tsangpo at Micing.

Pachakshiri Range. This goes from the Siyom on the northeast as far as the river which is called Chayul Chu in its northern part and Subansiri farther south. The highest mountains appear to be Nyegyi Kangsang (7047 meters) and Gori Chen (6858 meters).

Kangto Range. From the Chayul Chu on the east this group extends to the Kuru Chu on the west. This section has its western part in Bhutan. The Kuru Chu flows south from the Mo La in Bhutan. Kangto rises in this range to 7090 meters.

II. From the Kuru Chu to Kangphu-Amo Chu (mostly in Bhutan)

Künla Kangri Range. This area is separated from the Eastern Himalaya by the deep valley of the Kuru Chu in the east. It extends west to the Gonto La, the Gophu La and the Mangde Chu. In the eastern portion, several 6000-meter peaks lie on the Bhutanese-Tibetan frontier, the highest of which is Chura Kang (c. 6500 meters), just east of the Monlakarchung La. Farther west lie the highest peaks in the Bhutanese Himalaya, mostly on the frontier. The peak which may be the highest, Künla Kangri (7554 meters) lies north of the main ridge in Tibet. Along the frontier from east to west lie Melunghi Kang (c. 7000 meters), Kankarpünzum (7541 meters) and Chumhari Kang (c. 6600 meters). Since the surveying has not been very accurate, it might be that Kankarpünzum, given as 13 meters lower, could be higher than Künla Kangri.

Lunala Range. Extending from the Gonto La, the easternmost source of the Pho Chu on the east, it goes in the west to the Toma La, where the Mo Chu

springs (known downstream as the Tsa Chu and Sankosh). The name comes from the Lunala district which the range borders on the north. The principal frontier peaks from east to west are Zongophu Kang (c. 7100 meters), Kangphu Kang (7212 meters), Jejekangphu Kang (c. 7100 meters) and Teri Kang (c. 7100 meters). South of the Waghye La and southwest of Teri Kang, entirely within Bhutan, lies Tsenda Kang (c. 7100 meters).

Chomolhari Range. From the Toma La and the Mo Chu on the east, this range runs from northeast to southwest along the northwestern border of Bhutan to the Tremo La. The western edge runs along the river known in Tibet as the Kangphu, in Bhutan as the Amo Chu and in India as the Torsa. In the northeast lies Masang Kang (c. 7200 meters), south of the Toma La. The Kancheda group lies along the frontier. There are three principal summits, the highest of which is 6678 meters. Farther southwest along the frontier lie Chum Kang (6536 meters), Tshering Kang (6800 meters) and Chomolhari (7315 meters).

III. Kangphu-Amo Chu to Arun River

Dongkyia Range. The eastern limit is the Kangphu Chu, which farther south becomes the Amo Chu. The western limit is the Kongra La and the Tista River. Here, as is true with many groups, the northern and southern boundaries are where the mountains fall to lower altitudes.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Pauhunri	7125	23,376	27°57'13"	88°50'53"
P 7032	7032	23,070	27°56'38"	88°50'28"
P 7032 (Shudu Tsenpa?)	7032	23,070	27°55'42"	88°51'41"
P 6915	6915	22,687	27°55'25"	88°52'03"
P 6911	6911	22,675	27°55'44"	88°51'54"
Kangchengyao	6889	22,602	27°59'06"	88°39'25"
P 6730	6730	22,080	27°54'01"	88°52'28"
Gurudingmar	6715	22,030	27°58'41"	88°42'09"
P 6698	6698	21,976	27°53'27"	88°53'04"
P 6630	6630	21,753	27°58'56"	88°41'17"
P 6626	6626	21,740	27°56'00"	88°48'13"
P 6517	6517	21,380	27°56'43"	88°48'30"
Yulhekhang	6429	21,093	27°58'36"	88°40'10"
Chombu	6362	20,872	27°53'51"	88°38'49"
Sanglaphu	6224	20,420	27°58'36"	88°43'07"
Dongkyia Ri	6190	20,310	27°59'21"	88°47'40"

Chorten Nyima Range. These peaks are on or near the frontier between Sikkim and Tibet. The eastern limit is the Kongra La and the Tista River. The southwestern limit is the Lhonak Chu, Goma Chu and the South Lhonak Glacier. The western limit is the Lashar Glacier.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Chorten Nyima	6927	22,727	27°57'03"	88°11'06"
Chomoyummo	6829	22,405	28°02'08"	88°32'56"
P 6805	6805	22,325	27°57'35"	88°09'58"
P 6789 (in Tibet)	6789	22,275	28°08'16"	88°07'26"
Lhonak Peak	6710	22,015	27°56'14"	88°08'23"
Kellas Peak	6680	21,915	27°55'01"	88°07'22"
P 6675	6675	21,900	27°57'50"	88°08'50"
P 6640	6640	21,785	27°54'23"	88°07'49"
Kora Kang	6601	21,657	27°58'02"	88°17'57"
P 6554	6554	21,503	27°56'53"	88°15'01"
P 6550	6550	21,490	27°56'29"	88°12'33"
Sentinel Peak	6490	21,293	27°58'12"	88°14'28"
Chumangkang	6212	20,380	27°58'36"	88°31'46"
Kora Chonekang	6187	20,300	27°59'21"	88°22'06"

Kangchenjunga Himal. The northern limit of this range is the Lhonak Chu, Goma Chu and Jongsang La. The eastern limit is the Tista River. The western limit runs from the Jongsang La down the Gingsang and Kangchenjunga Glaciers and the Ghunsa Khola and the Tamur River. The group lies both in Nepal and Sikkim.

Because of the size of the range, it may be well to subdivide it. The *Northern Subsection* is divided from the rest of the section on the south by the Zemu Glacier, the 6685-meter col between Kangchenjunga South and Talung, the upper Yalung Glacier, the col between P 7468 and P 7385 and the Kumbhakarna Glacier.

Kangchenjunga	8586	28,168	27°42'09"	88°09'01"
Yalung Kang	8505	27,903	27°42'15"	88°08'25"
Kangchenjunga Central	8482	27,828	27°42'05"	88°09'20"
Kangchenjunga South	8476	27,809	27°41'31"	88°09'25"
Kangbachen	7903	25,927	27°43'00"	88°06'48"
Kirat Chuli (Tent Peak)	7365	24,165	27°47'10"	88°11'55"
Gimmigela I (Twin I)	7350	24,144	27°44'27"	88°09'42"
Pathibhara (Pyramid)	7123	23,370	27°49'15"	88°10'30"
Gimmigela II (Twin II)	7005	22,982	27°44'38"	88°10'57"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Langpo Peak	6954	22,814	27°51'15"	88°11'50"
Nepal Peak	6910	22,670	27°46'37"	88°10'30"
P 6852	6852	22,480	27°50'29"	88°12'17"
Pathibara East (Sphinx)	6837	22,430	27°49'25"	88°11'30"
P 6824	6824	22,390	27°49'28"	88°11'25"
Ramthang Chang (Wedge)	6812	22,350	27°46'52"	88°05'15"
Langchung Kang	6805	22,325	27°51'19"	88°10'46"
Anidesha Chuli (White Wave Peak)	6797	22,300	27°42'06"	88°04'13"
Ramthang	6700	21,981	27°45'00"	88°05'06"
P 6650	6650	21,820	27°48'41"	88°11'22"
Sugarloaf	6455	21,180	27°45'24"	88°13'12"
Thaple Shikar (Cross Peak)	6341	21,100	27°45'03"	88°09'00"
Merra	6334	20,780	27°44'27"	88°01'12"
Fluted Peak	6084	20,965	27°52'20"	88°13'56"

The *Singalila Subsection* straddles the Nepalese-Sikkimese border. It extends north to the 6685-meter col between Kangchenjunga South and Talung. Its eastern limit is the Talung Glacier and its western limit is the Yalung Glacier.

Kabru III	7353	24,125	27°37'52"	88°07'12"
Talung	7349	24,112	27°39'15"	88°08'01"
Kabru North (II)	7338	24,075	27°37'03"	88°07'32"
Kabru South (I)	7317	24,005	27°36'30"	88°06'49"
Pandim	6691	21,953	27°34'35"	88°13'07"
Rathong	6679	21,911	27°35'37"	88°05'27"
Kabru Dome	6600	21,655	27°35'17"	88°13'02"
Kokthang	6147	20,166	27°33'50"	88°04'58"
Guicha	6127	20,100	27°36'57"	88°10'25"
Forked Peak	6108	20,040	27°34'18"	88°13'44"

The *Western Sikkim Subsection* is limited on the north by the Zemu Glacier and on the west by the Talung Glacier.

Siniolchu	6887	22,595	27°42'37"	88°19'10"
Simvo	6812	22,350	27°40'44"	88°14'38"
Simvo West	6811	22,346	27°40'42"	88°14'00"
Simvo East	6671	22,215	27°40'52"	88°15'23"
Simvo North	6587	21,610	27°42'15"	88°14'58"
Simvo Northeast	6540	21,457	27°42'23"	88°15'17"
Little Siniolchu	6538	21,450	27°43'24"	88°18'07"

The *Kumbhakarna Subsection* is limited on the north by the Kumbhakarna Glacier, on the east by the col between P 7468 and P 7385 and the Yalung Glacier and on the south also by the Yalung Glacier.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Kumbhakarna (Jannu)	7710	25,294	27°40'58"	88°02'45"
P 7468	7468	24,502	27°41'18"	88°03'40"
P 7385	7385	24,230	27°42'27"	88°05'17"
Phole Sobithongje I	6669	21,880	27°41'11"	88°01'42"
Phole Sobithongje II	6645	21,800	27°41'13"	88°00'37"
P 6544	6544	21,470	27°40'31"	88°00'34"
P 6532	6532	21,430	27°39'45"	88°02'18"
Khabur (Tumaklung)	6331	20,772	27°41'17"	87°59'42"
Boktoh	6142	20,150	27°37'15"	88°00'22"

Janak Himal. The eastern limit descends south from the Jongsang La (6144 meters; 27°52'05" N, 88°10'08" E) down the Ginsang and the Kangchenjunga Glaciers and the Ghunsa Khola. The western limit runs south from the Ghang La (5752 meters: 27°56'28" N, 87°49'40").

Jongsang	7483	24,550	27°52'52"	88°08'08"
P 7451	7451	24,445	27°52'45"	88°08'17"
Dome Kang	7442	24,416	27°52'40"	88°09'04"
P 7044	7044	23,110	27°52'19"	88°05'30"
Janak (Outlier)	7035	23,080	27°52'20"	88°05'37"
Drohmo I	6886	22,590	27°49'25"	88°06'15"
Lashar I	6847	22,464	27°53'47"	88°03'16"
Omi Kangri	6829	22,405	27°53'52"	87°57'51"
Lashar II	6806	22,330	27°53'12"	88°03'57"
P 6754 (Tsajrin or Chabuk)	6754	22,170	27°53'11"	87°59'00"
P 6718	6718	22,042	27°53'33"	87°58'12"
P 6665 (Pandra)	6665	21,866	27°51'54"	87°59'31"
P 6657 (in Tibet)	6657	21,840	28°00'01"	88°02'31"
P 6584 (Dzanye)	6584	21,600	27°54'22"	88°01'44"
P 6574	6574	21,568	27°54'26"	87°57'25"
Drohmo II	6559	21,520	27°48'47"	88°07'35"
P 6553	6553	21,500	27°54'36"	87°53'17"
P 6537	6537	21,447	27°54'39"	87°52'00"
Sharpu	6336	20,460	27°43'53"	87°54'26"
Kangla	6242	20,479	27°57'00"	87°50'25"
Tsisima	6224	20,420	27°52'42"	88°01'43"
Tangkongma	6224	20,420	27°48'30"	88°04'33"

Umbak Himal. This group is limited on the east by the Ghang La (5752 meters; 27°56'28" N, 87°49'40" E), Pelam Chu and Yangma Chu and on the west by the Rakha La (5067 meters), Walsang Khola and Arun River.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 6424	6424	21,075	27°52'45"	87°46'35"
P 6356	6356	20,854	27°52'28"	87°46'36"
Senup	6257	20,528	27°51'56"	87°46'44"
P 6245	6245	20,490	27°49'56"	87°45'43"
P 6233	6233	20,450	27°49'56"	87°45'46"
P 6187	6187	20,300	27°52'36"	87°45'56"

IV. Arun River to Sun Kosi

Mahalangur Himal. This enormous range contains some of the highest mountains in the world, including Everest, Lhotse, Makalu and Cho Oyu. It is bounded on the east by the Popti La and the Arun River and on the west by the Gyabrag Glacier, the Nangpa La, Nangpa Tsangpo and Dudh Kosi. It extends far north into Tibet.

The *Makalu Subsection* has the same eastern limit as the whole Himal: Popti La and Arun River. On the west and southwest it extends from the Kharta Glacier, over the Karpo La and the 6130-meter col east of Shartse and down the Barun Glacier and Barun Khola.

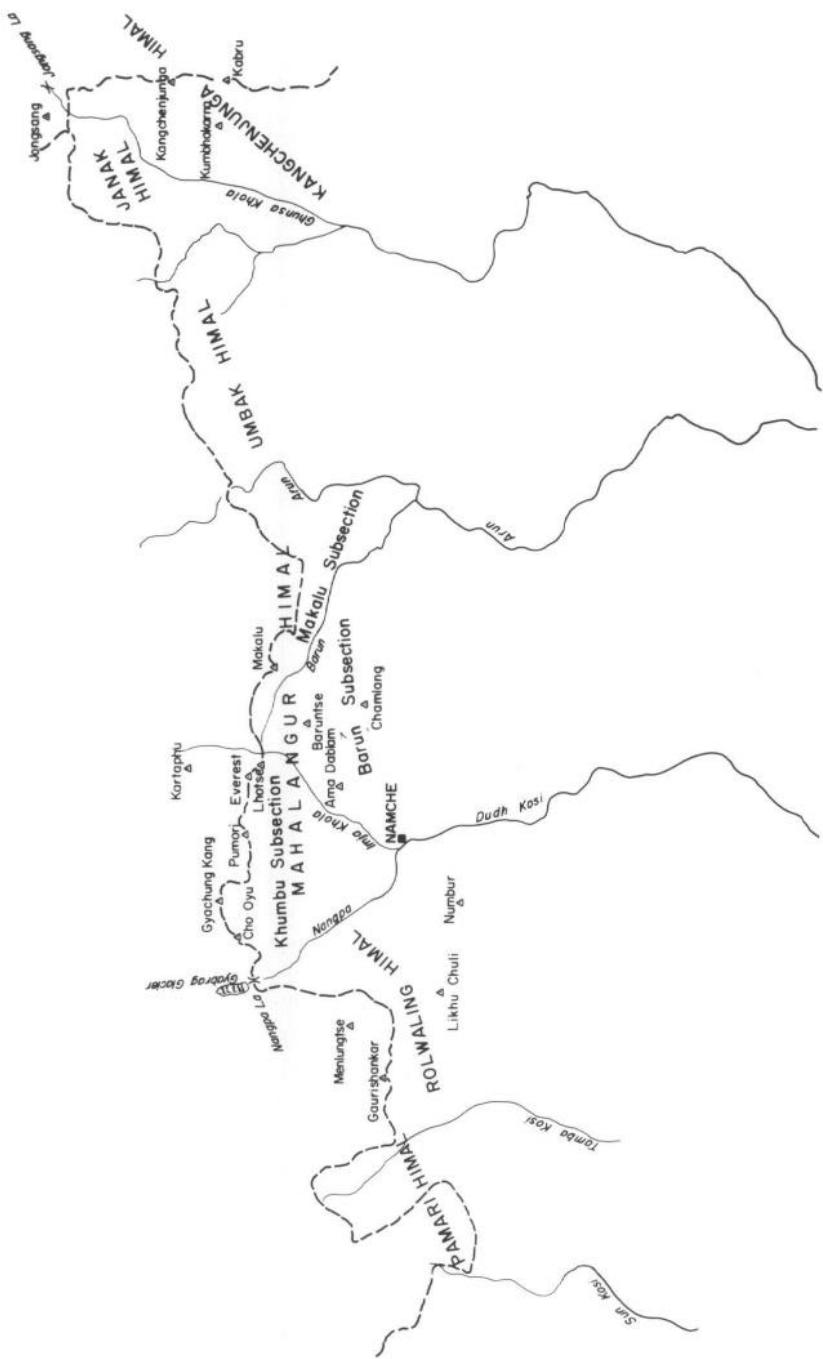
Makalu	8463	27,766	27°53'23"	87°05'20"
Chomo Lonzo (in Tibet)	7790	25,558	27°55'47"	87°06'44"
Kangchungtse (Makalu II)	7678	25,190	27°54'57"	87°04'44"
P 7199	7199	23,620	27°57'12"	86°59'30"
Chago	6893	22,615	27°55'34"	87°03'17"
P 6766	6766	22,200	27°55'44"	87°02'16"
Pethangtse	6739	22,109	27°57'27"	87°00'56"
P 6707	6707	22,005	27°51'34"	87°06'31"
P 6586	6586	21,608	27°55'27"	87°03'55"
P 6570	6570	21,555	27°56'58"	87°02'00"
P 6433 (Peak 3)	6433	21,106	27°50'02"	87°07'32"
Yaupa	6424	21,077	27°50'15"	87°08'27"
P 6381 (Peak 5)	6381	20,935	27°49'19"	87°10'16"
Karma Changri (in Tibet)	6267	20,560	28°01'50"	87°05'20"

The *Barun Subsection* has its northern limit at the 6220-meter col north of Cho Polo. Its eastern limit is the Barun Glacier and the Barun Khola. Its southwestern limit descends the Lhotse Shar Glacier, the Imja Glacier, the Imja Khola and the Dudh Kosi.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Chamlang	7319	24,012	27°46'30"	86°58'57"
P 7316	7316	24,002	27°46'20"	86°58'57"
Chamlang East	7235	23,737	27°47'12"	87°00'58"
Baruntse	7129	23,390	27°52'19"	86°58'55"
Kali Himal	6974	22,880	27°52'40"	86°58'30"
Ama Dablam	6812	22,350	27°51'42"	86°51'50"
Hongku Chuli (Pyramid)	6809	22,340	27°49'00"	87°00'41"
Kangtega	6779	22,241	27°47'32"	86°49'07"
Kyashar (Peak 43)	6767	22,201	27°45'18"	86°49'30"
P 6757 (Tutse, Peak 6)	6757	22,170	27°46'19"	87°06'12"
P 6730	6730	22,080	27°49'30"	86°58'50"
Cho Pulu I	6711	22,017	27°55'09"	86°58'55"
P 6685	6685	21,932	27°47'49"	86°48'46"
Cho Pulu II	6675	21,900	27°55'15"	86°59'00"
Mera (Peak 41)	6654	21,830	27°46'27"	86°54'40"
P 6651	6651	21,820	27°46'00"	86°49'30"
Thamserku	6623	21,730	27°47'25"	86°47'15"
Malangphutang	6575	21,570	27°48'27"	86°52'12"
P 6523	6523	21,400	27°50'22"	87°01'38"
P 6489 (Peak 4)	6489	21,290	27°49'15"	87°02'30"
Kusum Kanguru	6367	20,889	27°43'50"	86°47'28"
Nau Lekh	6358	20,859	27°41'14"	86°54'20"

The *Khumbu Subsection*'s eastern and southeastern limits run south from the Kharta Glacier, over the Karpo La, across the Kangchung Glacier, over the col east of Shartse and to the southwest along the Lhotse Shar Glacier, the Imja Glacier and the Imja Khola. The western limit runs south from the Gyabrag Glacier over the Nangpa La and down the Nangpa Glacier, the Nangpa Tsango and the Dudh Kosi. The group extends well into Tibet. Peaks entirely in Tibet are marked with an asterisk(*).

Everest (Sagarmatha, Qomolangma)	8848	29,028	27°59'17"	86°55'31"
Lhotse	8516	27,940	27°57'45"	86°56'03"
Lhotse Shar	8400	27,559	27°57'30"	86°56'35"



	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Cho Oyu	8201	26,906	28°05'37"	86°39'43"
Gyachungkang	7952	26,089	28°05'53"	86°44'32"
Ngojumba Kang I	7916	25,972	28°06'21"	86°41'05"
Nuptse	7855	25,771	27°58'02"	86°53'14"
Ngojumba Kang II	7743	25,403	28°06'22"	86°42'22"
Ngojumba Kang III	7681	25,200	28°06'22"	86°42'45"
Shartse (Peak 38)	7591	24,904	27°57'21"	86°57'56"
Changtse*	7580	24,869	28°01'31"	86°54'51"
Shartse II	7459	24,471	27°57'56"	86°59'00"
Jasamba	7351	24,117	28°04'53"	86°36'23"
Cho Aui	7350	24,115	28°04'14"	86°38'10"
P 7308* (5.5 kms north of Cho Oyu)	7308	23,977	28°08'21"	86°40'34"
Khartaphu*	7227	23,711	28°03'48"	86°58'45"
P 7186	7186	23,577	28°04'26"	86°38'29"
Pumori	7161	23,494	28°00'53"	86°49'41"
P 7071* (8 kms west of Khartapa Changri)	7071	23,199	28°06'45"	86°55'02"
Khartapa Changri*	7056	23,150	28°06'49"	86°59'58"
Hungchhi	7036	23,084	28°02'05"	86°45'31"
P 7023* (7 kms north of Cho Oyu)	7023	23,042	28°08'59"	86°40'32"
P 7018* (7½ kms west of Khartaphu)	7018	23,026	28°04'03"	86°57'12"
Palung Ri*	7013	23,009	28°07'45"	86°38'31"
P 7013* (1½ kms west of Khartaphu)	7013	23,009	28°04'01"	86°57'42"
P 7011* (1 km southeast of Lhakpa La)	7011	23,002	28°02'02"	86°58'19"
P 6966* (4 kms west of Khartapa Changri)	6966	22,855	28°06'41"	86°57'16"
P 6945	6945	22,785	28°02'12"	86°46'17"
P 6930*	6930	22,737	28°05'21"	86°48'48"
P 6916*	6916	22,691	28°03'16"	86°53'55"
P 6913	6913	22,681	28°05'31"	86°40'31"
P 6901* (7 kms north of Pumori)	6901	22,641	28°04'49"	86°48'34"
P 6875	6875	22,556	28°04'27"	86°45'54"
Chumbu	6870	22,540	28°00'48"	86°47'18"
P 6835	6835	22,425	28°01'07"	86°47'12"
P 6801	6801	22,313	28°01'07"	86°48'46"
P 6793	6793	22,287	28°04'02"	86°36'32"
P 6770	6770	22,212	28°05'07"	86°40'22"
P 6734	6734	22,093	28°05'15"	86°36'10"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 6726	6726	22,068	28°02'38"	86°45'00"
Lingtren	6714	22,027	28°01'39"	86°51'17"
P 6707*	6707	22,005	28°07'36"	86°46'13"
P 6667	6667	21,874	28°01'20"	86°48'03"
Khumbutse	6636	21,772	28°01'13"	86°52'23"
P 6633	6633	21,762	28°01'46"	86°45'22"
P 6617*	6617	21,710	28°08'04"	86°56'54"
P 6592	6592	21,627	28°06'06"	86°36'10"
P 6590	6590	21,621	28°04'52"	86°45'02"
P 6563*	6563	21,533	28°06'38"	86°48'30"
P 6536*	6536	21,444	28°10'19"	86°46'03"
Kartse*	6507	21,350	28°01'58"	87°00'29"
Tawoche (Taboche)	6501	21,327	27°53'48"	86°46'48"
P 6482*	6482	21,266	28°02'41"	86°51'56"
Cholatse	6440	21,128	27°53'06"	86°46'18"
Arakamtse	6423	21,074	27°55'12"	86°46'04"
Imjatse (Island Peak)	6183	20,285	27°55'15"	86°56'07"
Kyajori	6148	20,170	27°54'30"	86°40'28"
Lobuje West	6145	20,160	27°58'20"	86°46'45"
Nirekha	6139	20,140	27°58'37"	86°45'55"
Lobuje East	6119	20,075	27°58'08"	86°47'05"
Abi	6081	19,950	27°57'30"	86°47'34"
Diwanare	6050	19,850	27°58'58"	86°44'25"

*Peak lying entirely in Tibet.

Rolwaling Himal. This Range has as its eastern limit the Gyabrag Glacier and the Nangpa La, the Nangpa Tsangpo and the Dugh Kosi. The western limit is the Tamba Kosi.

Menlungtse I (in Tibet)	7181	23,560	27°58'16"	86°26'15"
Gaurishankar	7134	23,405	27°57'57"	86°20'07"
Menlungtse II (in Tibet)	7023	23,042	27°58'07"	86°25'15"
Gaurishankar South	6983	22,910	27°57'22"	86°20'14"
Numbur	6957	22,824	27°45'15"	86°34'28"
Angole (Tenga Ragi Tau)	6941	22,772	27°51'28"	86°33'20"
P 6900	6900	22,638	28°03'03"	86°32'58"
P 6821	6821	22,380	28°03'25"	86°33'30"
P 6816	6816	22,363	28°02'47"	86°33'06"
P 6790	6790	22,277	28°03'58"	86°33'48"
Takargo	6782	22,250	27°52'30"	86°30'42"
Khatang	6782	22,250	27°45'25"	86°35'50"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 6781	6781	22,247	28°02'32"	86°34'00"
P 6771	6771	22,215	27°57'00"	86°20'07"
Dangnog Ri	6751	22,150	27°56'22"	86°31'28"
P 6734 (Kang Nachugo or Tseringma)	6734	22,093	27°54'24"	86°26'35"
P 6729	6729	22,077	28°03'10"	86°33'30"
Likhu Chuli (Pig Pherago Shar)	6718	22,042	27°48'25"	86°32'32"
Panaiotapa	6696	21,969	27°48'17"	86°34'16"
Chobutse	6685	21,932	27°52'50"	86°29'33"
Likhu Chuli West (Pig Pherago Nup)	6660	21,850	27°48'15"	86°31'15"
P 6660	6660	21,850	27°53'46"	86°31'18"
P 6657	6657	21,840	27°51'12"	86°34'15"
P 6655	6655	21,835	27°45'43"	86°34'04"
P 6646.4	6646.4	21,806	27°57'24"	86°30'57"
Pangbuk	6631	21,755	28°00'15"	86°31'10"
P 6630	6630	21,752	28°03'46"	86°33'30"
P 6615.7	6615.7	21,706	28°00'47"	86°31'16"
P 6614 (Panaiotapa Shar)	6614	21,700	27°48'36"	86°33'00"
P 6605 (Teng Kang Poche)	6605	21,670	27°47'42"	86°34'15"
P 6594	6594	21,634	27°46'18"	86°33'55"
Jobo Rabzang (in Tibet)	6587	21,610	28°09'01"	86°34'16"
P 6545 (Lungdar Tsupaigo)	6545	21,473	27°54'07"	86°26'44"
P 6523	6523	21,400	28°01'05"	86°31'16"
P 6523	6523	21,400	27°54'57"	86°31'47"
P 6517	6517	21,380	27°55'00"	86°31'43"
Karyolung	6511	21,361	27°43'55"	86°36'55"
P 6502	6502	21,332	28°03'03"	86°32'10"
Thengmuche	6492	21,300	27°48'14"	86°35'53"
Sin Kor	6380	20,930	27°55'55"	86°32'47"
Pamlaka	6349	20,830	27°53'40"	86°33'16"
Lang Dak	6336	30,460	27°55'00"	86°33'45"
Chugimago	6256	20,525	27°50'41"	86°27'03"
Kang Kuru	6252	20,510	27°59'16"	86°30'50"
Tarikha (Kwangde Lho)	6187	20,299	27°47'36"	86°38'45"
Parchemuche (Parchamo)	6187	20,298	27°49'40"	86°32'45"
Dingjung Ri	6171	20,245	27°58'30"	86°31'15"
Yasa Thak	6151	20,180	27°50'43"	86°34'52"
Dang Kuru	6129	20,108	27°56'32"	86°32'00"
Kwangde Shar	6091	19,984	27°47'30"	86°39'05"
Kwangde Nup	6011	19,720	27°48'01"	86°38'02"
Ghod Chadi	6009	19,714	27°56'44"	86°19'02"

Pamari Himal. This range has as its eastern limit the Tamba Kosi and as its western one the Sun Kosi. Erwin Schneider calls the group the *Lapchi Kang*.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Chomo Pamari	6109	20,048	28°03'26"	86°05'23"
P 6070	6070	19,915	28°05'27"	86°04'59"
P 6062	6062	19,888	28°03'41"	86°05'43"

V. Sun Kosi to the Trisuli Gandaki

Jugal Himal and *Langtang Himal*. These two groups have always been treated as two distinct ranges but it seems difficult to justify this division. The whole is bordered on the east by the Sun Kosi and on the west by the Trisuli-Bhote Kosi. The high peaks which extend far into Tibet and lie entirely in that region are marked by an asterisk (*). The traditional division into two groups runs south from "Risum" (7050 meters) down the Langtang Glacier and the Langtang Khola with the *Jugal Himal* east and south of this line.

Shishapangma* (Xixabangma, Gosainthan)	8046	26,398	28°21'07"	85°46'55"
Phola Gangchen* (Molamenqing)	7661	25,135	28°21'17"	85°48'45"
Porong Ri*	7284	23,898	28°23'40"	85°43'15"
Nyanang Ri*	7071	23,200	28°18'53"	85°47'53"
P 7050	7050	23,130	28°23'01"	85°41'20"
"Risum"	7050	23,130	28°22'24"	85°43'25"
P 7013	7013	23,010	28°23'09"	85°42'42"
Loenpo Gang (Big White Peak)	6979	22,897	28°11'45"	85°48'00"
Dorje Lakpa	6966	22,854	28°10'26"	85°46'45"
P 6931	6931	22,740	28°22'52"	85°42'46"
Gurkarpo Ri	6891	22,610	28°12'38"	85°46'38"
P 6889	6889	22,602	28°12'30"	85°46'33"
Ramthang Karpo Ri (Dome Blanc)	6865	22,523	28°14'56"	85°44'55"
P 6838	6838	22,435	28°23'06"	85°41'40"
Bhairav Takura (Madiya Peak)	6799	22,307	28°11'53"	85°48'28"
P 6798	6798	22,305	28°22'34"	85°42'59"
P 6757	6757	22,170	28°17'57"	85°44'12"
Loenpo Gang West	6733	22,090	28°12'10"	85°48'59"
P 6713	6713	22,025	28°11'58"	85°47'43"
P 6695	6695	21,965	28°10'52"	85°47'13"
P 6653	6653	21,828	28°23'02"	85°42'04"
P 6641	6641	21,788	28°14'30"	85°44'52"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Phurbi Chyachu	6637	21,775	28°07'50"	85°52'10"
P 6620	6620	21,720	28°19'41"	85°43'36"
P 6611	6611	21,690	28°10'30"	85°49'11"
P 6591	6591	21,624	28°10'32"	85°49'03"
P 6586	6586	21,608	28°10'32"	85°46'25"
P 6563	6563	21,533	28°09'04"	85°46'40"
P 6535	6535	21,440	28°08'38"	85°52'17"
P 6530	6530	21,425	28°09'17"	85°46'49"
P 6518	6518	21,385	28°10'57"	85°48'50"
P 6510	6510	21,360	28°10'13"	85°49'03"
Langsisa Ri	6427	21,086	28°13'01"	85°42'49"
Tanga	6410	21,030	28°45'12"	85°55'15"
Ganchimpo (Gangchenpo)	6387	20,954	28°10'08"	85°40'55"
Gumba Chuli (Ladies Peak)	6256	20,524	28°11'30"	85°49'10"
Gyaltsen	6151	20,180	28°11'00"	85°50'17"
Urkinmang	6151	20,180	28°10'07"	85°42'58"
Kanshurm	6078	19,941	28°10'17"	85°44'28"

*Lies entirely in Tibet.

The *Langtang Himal* subdivision is the part of this group which lies west and north of a line that runs south from "Risum," down the Langtang Glacier and Langtang Khola.

Langtang Lirung	7234	23,734	28°15'22"	85°31'10"
Gang Benchen*	7211	23,658	28°33'30"	85°32'15"
Langtang Ri	7205	23,638	28°22'55"	85°41'01"
Tsogaka	7193	23,600	28°23'00"	85°41'15"
Luri Himal	6958	22,828	28°15'37"	85°30'03"
Phurephu Ri*	6888	22,600	28°26'07"	85°39'30"
Gangphu Ri Shar*	6821	22,380	28°27'13"	85°38'56"
Changbu	6781	21,919	28°16'16"	85°33'13"
Gangphu Ri Nup*	6772	22,218	28°27'10"	85°38'00"
P 6715	6715	22,030	28°16'14"	85°37'51"
Yansa Tsenji	6690	21,950	28°16'15"	85°38'00"
Lalaga Ri*	6666	21,870	28°28'17"	85°35'00"
Kyunga Ri	6601	21,657	28°17'46"	85°40'03"
P 6600	6600	21,654	28°16'04"	85°33'30"
Ghenge Liru (Lirung II)	6581	21,592	28°14'45"	85°28'22"
Dogpache	6562	21,528	28°15'22"	85°36'30"
P 6506	6506	21,345	28°18'09"	85°39'46"
Ubra	6266	20,557	28°16'06"	85°34'34"
Pagmorpo	6204	20,354	28°19'30"	85°39'44"
Bhemdang Ri (Morimoto)	6150	20,177	28°16'25"	85°39'56"

*Lies entirely in Tibet.

VI. Trisuli Gandaki to the Kali Gandaki

Ganesh Himal. The eastern limit is the Trisuli-Bhote Kosi. On the west it is divided from the Serang Himal by a semi-circle which runs from the Tapple La (5104 meters; Yanju Pass) down the Shyar Khola to its junction with the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki. It is divided on the west from the Mansiri Himal by the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Ganesh I (Yangra)	7429	24,373	28°23'30"	85°07'38"
Ganesh II	7111	23,330	28°20'25"	85°07'07"
Salasungo (Ganesh III)	7110	23,326	25°22'20"	85°03'33"
Pabil (Ganesh IV)	7052	23,136	28°20'30"	85°04'40"
Ganesh V	6986	22,919	28°20'43"	85°05'13"
P 6945	6945	22,785	28°22'17"	85°03'43"
P 6875	6875	22,555	28°20'47"	85°06'27"
P 6875	6875	22,555	28°20'32"	85°06'56"
P 6852	6852	22,480	28°23'06"	85°07'10"
P 6816	6816	22,363	28°19'53"	85°09'49"
P 6788	6788	22,270	28°24'00"	85°07'20"
P 6772	6772	22,218	28°19'55"	85°09'32"
Langpo	6668	21,877	28°29'52"	85°09'29"
P 6523	6523	21,400	28°19'40"	85°07'15"
P 6522	6522	21,397	28°20'39"	85°05'42"
P 6521	6521	21,394	28°21'47"	85°04'11"
Pashuwo	6177	20,266	28°31'54"	85°10'58"
Khojang	6049	19,846	28°39'39"	85°08'45"

Serang (Sringi) Himal. This group is bounded on the east by the Tapple La (5104 meters; Yanju Pass) and the Shyar Khola. On the south it is limited in a semi-circle which runs down the Shyar Khola and up the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki to its junction with the Tom Khola. On the west it is bounded by the Tom Khola and the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki.

Chamar	7187	23,579	28°33'19"	84°56'43"
P 7183	7183	23,567	28°32'48"	84°56'56"
P 6706	6706	22,002	28°32'25"	84°56'12"
P 6542	6542	21,463	28°32'08"	84°57'15"
Tabasar	6065	19,898	28°34'51"	85°03'32"

Kutang Himal. The eastern limit is the Tom Khola. The southern limit is the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki. The western limit is the Gya La and the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 6647	6647	21,808	28°37'55"	84°41'04"
P 6608	6608	21,680	28°37'44"	84°40'55"
P 6565	6565	21,540	28°38'05"	84°41'08"
Samdo (Pang Buki)	6335	20,784	28°38'09"	84°41'40"
Saula	6235	20,456	28°36'50"	84°45'17"
Khayang	6186	20,295	28°38'00"	84°42'30"
Swelokhang	6180	20,275	28°43'30"	84°38'40"

Mansiri (Manaslu) Himal. This group is bounded on the east by the Gya La and the Budhi (Burhi) Gandaki. In the north its limit starts from the Larkya La and descends the Dudh Khola. On the west it is limited by the Marsyangdi River.

Manaslu	8163	26,780	28°32'58"	84°33'43"
East Pinnacle of Manaslu	7992	26,220	28°33'16"	84°33'52"
Himalchuli	7893	25,895	28°26'08"	84°38'32"
Ngadi Chuli (Peak 29)	7871	25,823	28°30'13"	84°34'09"
Himalchuli West	7540	24,738	28°26'07"	84°37'07"
P 7514	7514	24,652	28°29'14"	84°34'01"
Himalchuli North	7371	24,182	28°26'59"	84°36'23"
Manaslu North	7157	23,481	28°36'14"	84°32'40"
P 7036	7036	23,085	28°31'40"	84°31'21"
P 6995	6995	22,950	28°34'38"	84°33'01"
P 6867	6867	22,530	28°27'08"	84°38'47"
P 6785	6785	22,260	28°25'04"	84°39'02"
P 6710	6710	22,015	28°32'57"	84°31'32"
Baudha	6672	21,890	28°22'43"	84°40'38"
P 6544	6544	21,470	28°24'20"	84°39'50"
P 6534	6534	21,437	28°33'15"	84°29'05"
P 6511	6511	21,362	28°24'00"	84°40'10"
Reni Peak (Lidanda)	6459	21,190	28°28'04"	84°41'31"
Simnag Himal East	6251	20,509	28°31'00"	84°38'51"
Larkya (Granite Peak)	6249	20,501	28°38'46"	84°32'00"

Peri Himal. Its southeast limit is the Gya La, the Larkya La and the Dudh Khola. It is bounded on the south by the Dudh Khola and the Marsyangdi River. Its western limit runs from between Chako and P 6687 at about 84°20' N south along the Hulung Khola, Nar Khola and Phu Khola.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 7139	7139	23,423	28°44'14"	84°25'12"
Himlung	7126	23,379	28°46'19"	84°25'19"
P 7098	7098	23,288	28°45'25"	84°24'58"
P 7038	7038	23,090	28°44'06"	84°22'04"
Ratna Chuli	7035	23,081	28°51'53"	84°22'02"
Kang Guru	6981	22,904	28°39'27"	84°18'05"
P 6933	6933	22,727	28°39'28"	84°18'34"
P 6932	6932	22,723	28°46'11"	84°26'15"
P 6892	6892	22,611	28°43'08"	84°28'57"
P 6874	6874	22,553	28°45'58"	84°25'00"
P 6852	6852	22,480	28°43'47"	84°25'34"
P 6840	6840	22,441	28°51'40"	84°23'10"
Cheo	6820	22,376	28°45'52"	84°27'06"
P 6778	6778	22,238	28°39'45"	84°19'28"
P 6767	6767	22,202	28°44'05"	84°29'31"
P 6752	6752	22,152	28°43'03"	84°28'30"
P 6700	6700	21,982	28°41'15"	84°19'32"
P 6694	6694	21,962	28°47'37"	84°26'45"
P 6687	6687	21,940	28°52'20"	84°20'42"
P 6677	6677	21,906	28°45'00"	84°25'45"
P 6662	6662	21,857	28°52'00"	84°21'00"
P 6654	6654	21,830	28°46'02"	84°26'36"
P 6648	6648	21,812	28°51'32"	84°23'50"
P 6625	6625	21,736	28°41'39"	84°31'19"
P 6622	6622	21,726	28°47'05"	84°26'45"
P 6620	6620	21,720	28°45'30"	84°24'17"
P 6608	6608	21,680	28°51'34"	84°21'31"
P 6604	6604	21,667	28°51'34"	84°21'25"
P 6602	6602	21,660	28°44'09"	84°20'43"
P 6602	6602	21,660	28°45'29"	84°27'30"
P 6596	6596	21,640	28°45'28"	84°24'12"
P 6566	6566	21,543	28°48'45"	84°25'50"
P 6556	6556	21,510	28°51'11"	84°24'36"
P 6546	6546	21,477	28°41'45"	84°30'43"
P 6524	6524	21,404	28°49'48"	84°24'04"
P 6518	6518	21,385	28°47'45"	84°26'28"

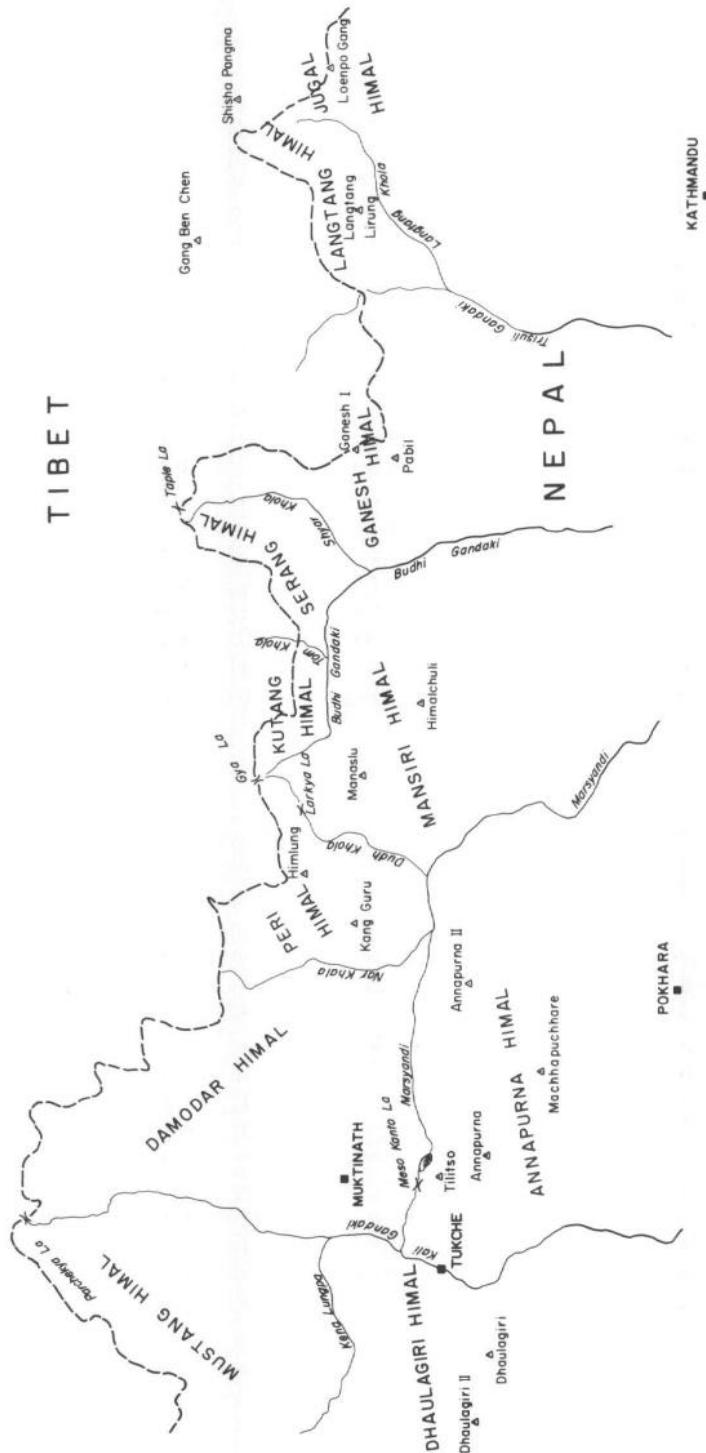
Damodar Himal. The eastern limit runs south from between Chako and P 6687 at about 84° 20' N south along the Hulung Khola, the Nar Khola and the Phu Khola. On the south it is bounded by the Marsyangdi River and the Mesoanto La. On the west its limit is the Kali Gandaki and on the north it is limited by the Parchekya La (5447 meters). Dr. Harka Gurung separates the first three peaks below and the region west of Bhrikuti into the *Lugula Himal*.

			North Latitude	East Longitude
	meters	feet		
P 6889*	6889	22,602	28°53'47"	84°15'35"
P 6760*	6760	22,179	28°53'44"	84°16'06"
Chako*	6704	21,995	28°52'50"	84°17'13"
Khamjungar Himal	6700	21,980	28°53'22"	84°07'40"
P 6623	6623	21,730	28°53'54"	85°07'13"
Chulu East	6584	21,601	28°44'09"	84°02'10"
Chhibu Himal	6581	21,590	28°52'19"	84°09'30"
P 6505	6505	21,342	28°52'51"	84°08'51"
Khatung Kang	6484	21,273	28°46'39"	83°55'17"
Yakawa Kang	6482	21,266	28°48'37"	83°56'40"
Purubung Himal	6465	21,210	28°43'04"	84°01'11"
Chulu West	6419	21,059	28°44'36"	84°01'32"
Bhrikuti Shail	6364	20,870	28°53'37"	84°13'04"
Soribun	6328	20,761	28°53'05"	84°10'22"
Sahsar	6188	20,302	28°51'06"	84°12'32"
Jaumson Himal	6120	20,080	28°50'32"	84°08'38"
Gaugiri	6110	20,045	29°02'45"	84°11'16"
Pisang Peak	6091	19,984	28°38'57"	84°11'25"

*Often considered to be of the *Lugula Himal*.

Annapurna Himal. Its eastern limit is the Marsyangdi River in Lamjung and its northern limit is the Marsyangdi in Manang. It is bounded on the west by the Kali Gandaki.

Annapurna	8091	26,545	28°35'45"	83°49'20"
Annapurna II	7937	26,041	28°32'05"	84°07'30"
P 7739	7739	25,391	28°32'05"	84°07'18"
Varah Shikhar (Fang)	7647	25,089	28°34'41"	83°48'12"
Annapurna III	7555	24,787	28°35'01"	83°59'31"
Annapurna IV	7525	24,688	28°32'14"	84°05'02"
Khangsar Kang (Roc Noir)	7485	24,556	28°36'50"	83°52'29"
Gangapurna	7455	24,457	28°38'18"	83°57'00"
Annapurna Dakshin (Annapurna South)	7219	23,683	28°31'04"	83°48'30"



	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Tarke Kang (Glacier Dome)	7193	23,600	28°36'25"	83°53'28"
Tilitso	7134	23,405	28°40'58"	83°48'50"
P 7069	7069	23,193	28°36'19"	83°54'58"
Nilgiri North	7061	23,166	28°41'21"	83°44'48"
P 7010	7010	23,300	28°31'28"	84°04'42"
Machhapuchhre	6993	22,943	28°29'42"	83°56'57"
Lamjung Himal	6983	22,910	28°29'22"	84°11'30"
Nilgiri Central	6940	22,769	28°40'45"	83°44'19"
P 6931	6931	22,740	28°31'05"	84°08'35"
P 6931	6931	22,740	28°29'08"	84°10'28"
P 6890	6890	22,605	28°30'45"	84°09'57"
Nilgiri South	6839	22,438	28°39'15"	83°43'58"
Nilgiri Southeast	6765	22,195	28°38'56"	83°44'12"
P 6742	6742	22,120	28°36'01"	84°01'21"
P 6721	6721	22,051	28°32'29"	83°49'47"
P 6646	6646	21,805	28°39'00"	83°51'19"
P 6587	6587	21,610	28°30'34"	84°07'31"
P 6565	6565	21,540	28°29'59"	84°05'02"
Singu Chuli (Fluted Peak)	6501	21,330	28°35'15"	83°53'06"
Hiunchuli	6441	21,133	28°30'39"	83°51'03"
Gandharva Chuli (Gabelhorn)	6248	20,500	28°32'16"	83°57'45"

VII. Kali Gandaki to the Kali

Dhaulagiri Himal. The eastern limit is the Kali Gandaki. The northern limit is the Barbung Khola, the Sangda La (5124 meters) and Kena Lungpo. The western limit is the Bheri River.

Dhaulagiri	8167	26,795	28°41'46"	83°29'43"
Dhaulagiri II	7751	25,429	28°45'46"	83°23'22"
Dhaulagiri III	7715	25,312	28°45'16"	83°22'46"
Dhaulagiri IV	7661	25,133	28°44'10"	83°18'55"
Dhaulagiri V	7618	24,992	28°44'04"	83°21'56"
Churen West	7371	24,184	28°43'55"	83°12'45"
Churen East	7371	24,184	28°44'37"	83°13'47"
P 7316	7316	24,003	28°44'16"	83°20'19"
Dhaulagiri VI	7268	23,846	28°42'30"	83°16'32"
P 7249	7249	23,783	28°44'45"	83°22'34"
Putha Hiunchuli	7246	23,774	28°44'56"	83°08'55"
Gurja Himal	7193	23,600	28°40'26"	83°16'37"
P 7108 (Junction Peak)	7108	23,320	28°43'20"	83°16'40"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
P 6698	6998	22,960	28°46'21"	83°14'31"
P 6921	6921	22,707	28°43'40"	83°15'30"
Tukche	6920	22,703	28°44'46"	83°33'43"
P 6839	6839	22,438	28°45'15"	83°32'58"
P 6782	6782	22,250	28°46'08"	83°11'36"
P 6748	6748	22,140	28°47'28"	83°14'22"
P 6700	6700	21,982	28°46'14"	83°18'53"
P 6690	6690	21,950	28°44'11"	83°33'05"
P 6639	6639	21,783	28°46'49"	83°27'46"
P 6620	6620	21,720	28°40'35"	83°28'46"
Sita Chuchura	6611	21,690	28°47'00"	83°29'07"
P 6605	6605	21,670	28°44'38"	83°07'01"
P 6599	6599	21,650	28°46'00"	83°25'50"
Kambon	6567	21,544	28°39'30"	83°18'25"
Hongde	6556	21,510	28°50'34"	83°29'57"
Dogari Himal	6536	21,442	28°46'00"	83°06'00"
Ghustang North	6529	21,419	28°40'51"	83°14'47"
Ghustang South	6465	21,210	28°40'09"	83°14'44"
Chaurabang	6395	20,981	28°41'30"	83°22'37"
Tashi Kang	6386	20,950	28°51'06"	83°37'55"
Manapathi	6380	20,930	28°38'44"	83°27'30"
Tsartse	6343	20,810	28°51'37"	83°38'59"
Kang Tokal	6294	20,649	28°48'01"	83°10'05"
Myagdi Matha	6273	20,581	28°39'35"	83°19'21"
Tongu	6197	20,330	28°51'54"	83°30'25"
Mukut	6087	19,971	28°49'01"	83°28'56"
Jirbang	6062	19,888	28°37'25"	83°27'06"
Dhapa (Dhampus)	6012	19,723	28°47'49"	83°36'57"

Dolpo Himal. This group is bounded on the east and south by the Barbung Khola, on the west by the Sibu Khola and Suli Gad (Phoksumdo) and on the north by the Panjang Khola.

P 6328	6328	20,762	29°00'25"	83°21'12"
P 6142	6142	20,150	28°58'51"	83°11'00"
Norbu Kang	6005	19,700	29°07'02"	83°03'34"

Kanjiroba Himal. The eastern limit is the Phoksumdo Tso and the Suli Gad. The northern limit is the Langu Khola and the western limit is the Chaudbise Khola and the Churta Khola.

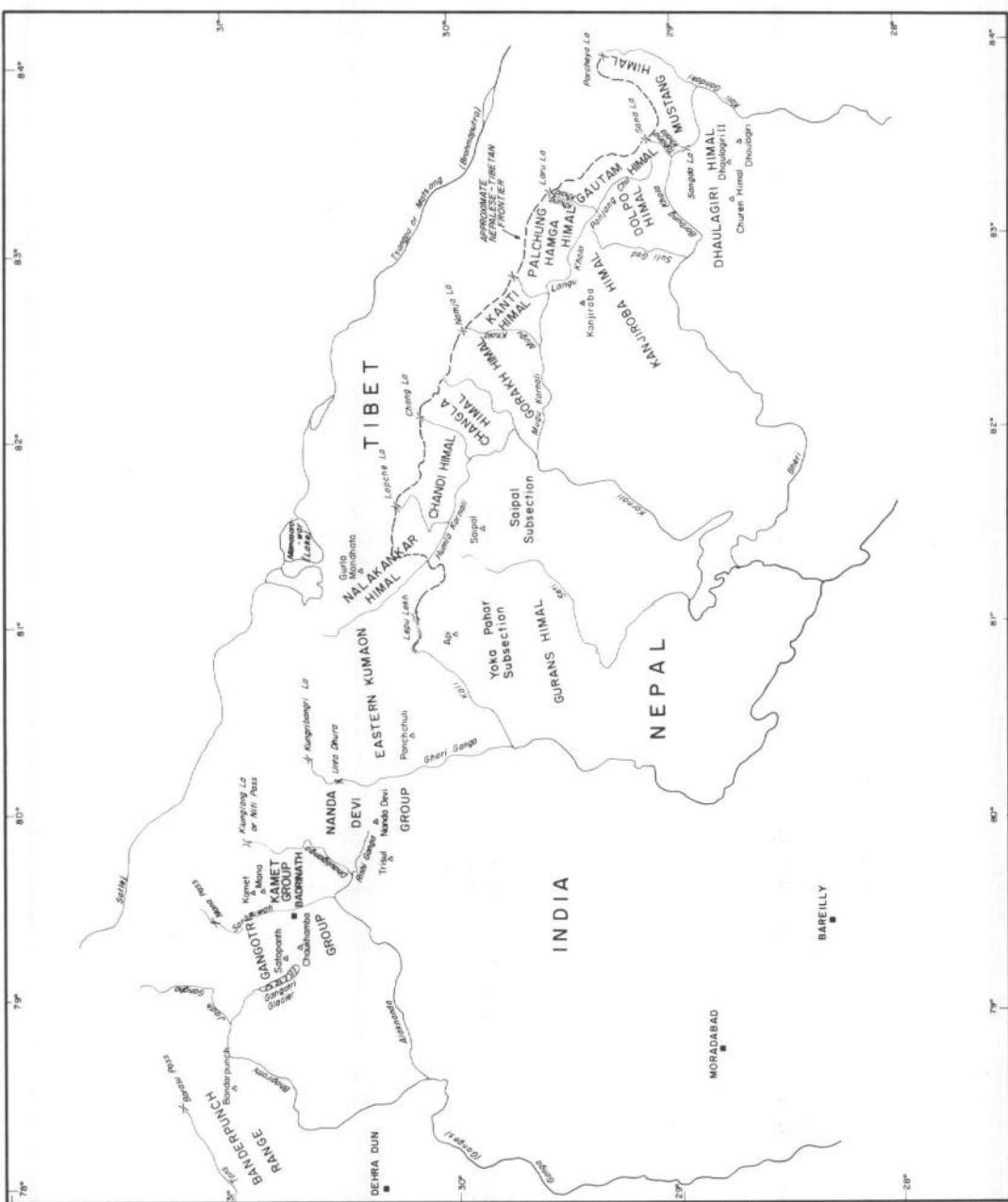
	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Kanjiroba	6883	22,583	29°22'33"	82°38'25"
Kande Hiunchuli	6627	21,742	29°24'40"	82°33'37"
Kanjerala	6612	21,693	29°14'00"	82°52'35"
Tsho Karpo Kang	6556	21,510	29°22'07"	82°46'58"
Tripura Tumba (Hanging Glacier Peak)	6553	21,500	29°19'36"	82°44'13"
Patrasi	6450	21,160	29°25'22"	82°35'15"
Kanchauni Lekh	6444	21,140	29°14'14"	82°47'35"
Lhashama	6412	21,035	29°13'35"	82°44'50"
Kansi Dalpa	6386	20,950	29°17'00"	82°33'14"
Kang Nyung Than	6248	20,500	29°23'32"	82°45'18"
Serku Dolma	6227	20,430	29°20'21"	82°45'53"
Shey Shikhar (Junction Peak)	6139	20,140	29°17'13"	82°47'47"
Palta Thumba (Milchberg)	6126	20,100	29°18'02"	82°36'32"
Bijora Hiunchuli	6111	20,050	29°17'00"	82°31'33"
Bhulu Lasa	6102	20,020	29°26'31"	82°35'38"
Phunphun Chuli (Wedge)	6102	20,020	29°16'17"	82°46'28"
P 6042 (Dudh Kundali)	6042	19,823	29°13'25"	82°32'45"

Mustang Himal. The eastern limit is the Parchekya La (5447 meters), the Mustang Khola and the Kali Gandaki. The southern limit is the Sangda La (5124 meters) and Kena Lungpo, and the western limit is the Sana La (5465 meters; 29°10'32" N, 83°35'06" E) and Tahana Khola.

P 6599	6599	21,650	29°07'25"	83°22'20"
P 6325	6325	20,750	29°00'37"	83°44'00"
P 6325	6325	20,750	29°18'44"	83°52'16"
P 6285	6285	20,620	29°12'42"	83°44'27"
Manshail	6235	20,456	29°18'07"	83°48'46"
Arniko Chuli	6034	19,796	29°10'35"	83°39'25"

Gautam Himal. The eastern limit is the Sana La (5465 meters) and Tahana Khola; the western limit is the Laru La (5239 meters; 29°36'25" N, 83°12'31" E) and Khung Khola. On the south it is bordered by the Panjang Chu (Langu Khola).

P 6188	6188	20,303	29°16'40"	83°21'15"
P 6059	6059	19,880	29°14'08"	83°21'45"



Palchung Hamga Himal. The eastern limit is the Laru La (5239 meters) and Khung Khola and the western limit is a point just west of P 6236 ($29^{\circ}41'20''$ N, $82^{\circ}49'40''$ E) and Segja Khola. It extends south to the Panjang Chu (Langu Khola).

			North Latitude	East Longitude
	meters	feet		
P 6528	6528	21,420	$29^{\circ}41'20''$	$82^{\circ}53'15''$
P 6505	6505	21,342	$29^{\circ}36'00''$	$83^{\circ}04'10''$
P 6455	6455	21,178	$29^{\circ}41'22''$	$82^{\circ}52'27''$
P 6405	6405	21,015	$29^{\circ}41'10''$	$82^{\circ}51'26''$
P 6394	6394	20,978	$29^{\circ}41'22''$	$82^{\circ}50'48''$
P 6380	6380	20,932	$29^{\circ}42'00''$	$82^{\circ}54'13''$
P 6327	6327	20,758	$29^{\circ}41'10''$	$82^{\circ}51'59''$
P 6261	6261	20,540	$29^{\circ}41'28''$	$82^{\circ}56'55''$
P 6236	6236	20,460	$29^{\circ}41'20''$	$82^{\circ}49'40''$
Danphe Shail	6103	20,023	$29^{\circ}40'20''$	$83^{\circ}00'32''$

Kanti Himal. The eastern limit is a point just west of P 6326 and Segja Khola; the western limit is the Namja La (4986 meters; $29^{\circ}58'02''$ N, $82^{\circ}32'20''$ E) and Mugu Khola. On the south it is bordered by the Langu Khola.

P 6859	6859	22,504	$29^{\circ}45'57''$	$82^{\circ}45'06''$
P 6810	6810	22,243	$29^{\circ}45'58''$	$82^{\circ}44'53''$
Changadi	6623	21,730	$29^{\circ}43'07''$	$82^{\circ}47'50''$
P 6581	6581	21,590	$29^{\circ}51'24''$	$82^{\circ}41'50''$
P 6516	6516	21,380	$29^{\circ}51'10''$	$82^{\circ}42'03''$
P 6504	6504	21,340	$29^{\circ}52'04''$	$82^{\circ}38'38''$
Churau	6419	21,060	$29^{\circ}50'07''$	$82^{\circ}38'33''$

Gorakh Himal. The eastern limit is the Namja La (4986 meters) and Mugu Khola; it extends to the west to a point just west of P 6198 ($30^{\circ}03'49''$ N, $82^{\circ}10'20''$ E). It is bordered on the south by the Humla Patan.

Asajya Tuppa	6255	20,522	$30^{\circ}03'43''$	$82^{\circ}16'41''$
P 6254	6254	20,518	$30^{\circ}02'36''$	$82^{\circ}20'09''$
P 6198	6198	20,336	$30^{\circ}03'49''$	$82^{\circ}10'20''$
P 6055	6055	19,865	$30^{\circ}03'45''$	$82^{\circ}15'50''$

Changla Himal. This group extends on the east from a point just west of P 6198 to the Chang La (5293 meters; $30^{\circ}20'59''$ N, $82^{\circ}05'50''$ E) on the west. The Humla Karnali borders it on the south.

P 6721	6721	22,050	$30^{\circ}08'08''$	$82^{\circ}11'58''$
P 6628	6628	21,746	$30^{\circ}08'35''$	$82^{\circ}11'57''$
P 6581	6581	21,590	$30^{\circ}09'12''$	$82^{\circ}12'21''$

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Changla	6563	21,523	30°18'11"	82°07'44"
P 6521	6521	21,395	30°07'33"	82°09'59"
P 6506	6506	21,345	30°10'33"	82°11'14"

Chandi Himal. The eastern limit is the Chang La (5293 meters), the western limit is the Lapche La (5018 meters; 30°26'45"N, 81°37'45"E) and the southern limit is the Humla Karnali.

P 6261	6261	20,540	30°12'12"	81°47'12"
P 6248	6248	20,500	30°06'01"	81°55'32"
P 6164	6164	20,223	30°09'27"	81°52'02"
P 6162	6162	20,216	30°09'14"	81°53'43"
P 6108	6108	20,040	30°09'14"	81°48'47"

Nalakankar Himal. The eastern limit is the Lapche La (5018 meters). The Humla Karnali borders it on the south and southwest.

Gurla Mandhata	7728	25,355	30°26'18"	81°17'57"
P 6422	6422	21,070	30°15'04"	81°23'32"
P 6396	6396	20,985	30°17'03"	81°24'58"
P 6339	6339	20,798	30°16'12"	81°24'45"
Kandumbu	6219	20,403	30°14'06"	81°23'30"
Nalakankar	6062	19,888	30°21'27"	81°23'58"

Gurans Himal. This group is bordered on the east by the Humla Karnali, on the north by the Humla Karnali and the Lipu Lekh and on the west by a line from the Lipu Lekh southwest along the Kali Ganga. The *Saipal Himal Subsection* is the part lying east of the Seti River.

Saipal	7031	23,068	29°53'14"	81°29'43"
P 6922	6922	22,710	29°53'40"	81°30'25"
P 6736 ("Firnkopf")	6736	22,099	29°54'04"	81°27'30"
P 6526	6526	21,410	29°51'38"	81°22'14"
Karkot	6015	19,735	29°55'14"	81°13'03"

The *Yoka Pahar Subsection* is the part lying east of the Seti.

Api	7132	23,399	30°00'15"	80°56'00"
Jethibahurani	6850	22,472	29°52'56"	81°02'37"
Bobaye	6808	22,335	29°57'33"	81°00'21"
Nampa	6755	22,162	30°00'30"	81°00'00"
P 6744	6744	22,125	30°02'33"	81°06'27"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Lipu Lekh	6644	21,798	30°03'08"	81°05'32"
Dhaulasiri	6633	21,760	29°57'05"	81°07'15"
P 6628	6628	21,745	30°00'16"	81°07'24"
Nampa II	6618	21,714	29°58'58"	81°01'03"
P 6570	6570	21,555	30°03'21"	81°05'21"
P 6562	6562	21,530	29°50'58"	81°05'18"
P 6560	6560	21,523	30°04'19"	81°04'08"
P 6552	6552	21,495	30°00'55"	81°07'59"
Kap Chuli	6467	21,216	29°50'52"	81°02'27"
Pang Bhuchi	6345	20,817	30°01'45"	81°07'15"
Jyachhyunga	6338	20,794	30°06'22"	81°05'07"
Lasa	6189	20,305	30°08'08"	81°04'59"

VIII. Kali to Satlej and Tons

Eastern Kumaon Himalaya. The eastern limit of this division is the Lipu Lekh and the Kali River. The western limit is the Kangribingri La, over the Unta Dhura, through Milam and down the Ghori Ganga. It must be understood that mountain ranges often divide one district from another and so a mountain group lies in or between different geographical regions. Therefore, the whole of the Kumaon is not included in this group since the Nanda Devi range descends into the western and southern Kumaon. Some Indian Himalayan authorities prefer to classify groups by from which side they are approached and to divide the groups along a watershed. Confusion can arise amid the watershed peaks. Therefore, the present classification rejects this concept.

Panchchuli II	6904	22,650	30°12'51"	80°25'41"
Chiring We	6559	21,520	30°25'39"	80°18'05"
Rajramba	6537	21,447	30°15'12"	80°22'42"
Chaudhara	6510	21,360	30°16'58"	80°22'39"
Sangthang	6480	21,262	30°21'02"	80°47'31"
Panchchuli V	6437	21,120	30°11'19"	80°28'24"
Ngalaphu	6410	21,030	30°14'28"	80°26'04"
Suitilla	6373	20,910	30°19'53"	80°23'05"
Panchchuli I	6355	20,850	30°13'27"	80°25'26"
Bamba Dhura	6334	20,780	30°26'24"	80°17'11"
Panchchuli IV	6334	20,780	30°11'51"	80°27'28"
Panchchuli III	6312	20,710	30°12'03"	80°26'39"
Suli Top	6300	20,670	30°24'13"	80°19'36"
Kalganga Dhura	6215	20,390	30°27'18"	80°15'46"
Darcho	6145	20,160	30°34'43"	80°12'28"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Burphu Dhura	6334	20,780	30°26'24"	80°17'11"
Lassar	6129	20,110	30°33'31"	80°15'34"
Lalla We	6123	20,090	30°29'11"	80°18'30"
Kalaband Dhura	6105	20,030	30°25'34"	80°15'37"
Topi Dhura	6099	20,010	30°33'27"	80°12'36"
Nagling	6041	19,820	30°08'46"	80°28'53"
Chikula We	6038	19,810	30°31'00"	80°23'24"

Nanda Devi Group. The eastern limit starts at the Kangribingri La, goes over the Unta Dhura, through Milam and down the Ghori Ganga. The western limits are from the Kiunglang La (Niti Pass) down the Dhauliganga.

Three somewhat artificial subsections may be made. The *Eastern Nanda Devi Subsection* includes the region from the eastern border of the whole group to a line on the west just west of Uja Tirche, Tirsuli and Hardeol, along, but below the crest, of the eastern wall of the Nanda Devi Sanctuary to Traill's Pass.

Hardeol	7151	23,460	30°33'41"	80°00'48"
Tirsuli	7074	23,210	30°34'59"	80°01'22"
Tirsuli West	7035	23,080	30°34'45"	80°00'14"
Nanda Kot	6861	22,510	30°16'51"	80°04'16"
Changuch	6322	20,740	30°17'42"	80°02'28"
Nanda Gond	6315	20,720	30°33'27"	80°07'51"
Nanda Pal	6306	20,690	30°31'29"	80°08'50"
Kuchela	6294	20,650	30°18'27"	80°05'26"
Lohar Deo	6245	20,490	30°28'12"	80°03'00"
Nital Thaur	6236	20,460	30°31'53"	80°07'34"
Nandabhanar	6236	20,460	30°15'57"	80°03'56"
Urja Tirche	6202	20,350	30°39'00"	80°01'02"
Chalab	6160	20,210	30°35'49"	80°02'39"
Kholi	6114	20,060	30°35'34"	80°04'50"
Ikualari	6059	19,880	30°34'18"	80°05'40"
Dangthal	6050	19,850	30°13'36"	80°06'00"
Nandakhani	6029	19,780	30°15'44"	80°04'30"

The *Northern Nanda Devi Subsection* includes all peaks north of the Rishi Ganga. Barmatia appears to be the only named 6000er north of the Girthi Ganga, but it has been placed in this section although it really is in the Zanskar rather than in the Great Himalaya.

Dunagiri	7066	23,184	30°31'57"	79°50'02"
Rishi Pahar	6992	22,940	30°31'58"	79°59'59"
Kalanka	6931	22,740	30°30'01"	79°56'36"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Changabang	6864	22,520	30°29'59"	79°55'37"
P 6635	6635	21,770	30°35'13"	79°58'53"
Deo Damla	6620	21,720	30°29'42"	80°01'16"
Mangraon	6568	21,550	30°28'36"	80°00'48"
P 6547	6547	21,480	30°30'59"	79°57'56"
P 6523	6523	21,400	30°31'33"	79°53'56"
P 6504	6504	21,340	30°36'19"	79°58'10"
Purbi Dunagiri	6489	21,290	30°31'58"	79°54'46"
Latu Dhura	6392	20,970	30°23'36"	80°02'05"
Lampak I	6325	20,750	30°27'29"	79°56'39"
Bamchu	6303	20,680	30°26'56"	80°01'25"
Sakram	6254	20,520	30°26'00"	80°02'08"
Rishi Kot	6236	20,460	30°27'28"	79°53'42"
Lampak II	6181	20,280	30°38'31"	79°55'57"
Hanuman	6075	19,930	30°28'46"	79°50'02"
Barmatia	6041	19,820	30°45'17"	79°58'10"

The Southern Nanda Devi Subsection. This includes all the peaks south of the Rishi Ganga. Some Indian experts would have preferred referring to the southernmost peaks as the Pindari Subsection.

Nanda Devi	7816	25,645	30°22'32"	79°58'22"
Nanda Devi East	7434	24,390	30°21'58"	79°59'30"
Trisul	7120	23,360	30°18'46"	79°46'38"
Mrighthuni	6855	22,940	30°17'28"	79°49'49"
Maiktoli	6803	22,320	30°16'14"	79°52'28"
Devtoli	6788	22,270	30°17'18"	79°51'11"
Trisul II	6690	21,950	30°17'37"	79°46'36"
Devistan I	6678	21,910	30°20'02"	79°52'50"
Panwali Dwar	6663	21,860	30°17'20"	79°57'22"
P 6648	6648	21,810	30°18'39"	79°52'19"
Nanda Khat	6611	21,690	30°18'07"	79°58'47"
P 6596	6596	21,640	30°17'52"	79°56'42"
P 6538 ("Cream Roll")	6538	21,450	30°18'44"	79°57'02"
Devistan II	6529	21,420	30°20'57"	79°53'00"
Bethartoli	6352	20,840	30°22'37"	79°47'05"
Bethartoli South	6318	20,730	30°22'04"	79°47'39"
Nanda Ghunti	6309	20,700	30°20'56"	79°43'09"
Tharkot	6099	20,010	30°14'02"	79°49'50"
Ronti	6063	19,892	30°22'10"	79°43'13"

Kamet Group. The eastern and southern limits start from the Kiunglang La (Niti Pass) and continue along the Dhauliganga. The western limit is the Mana Pass and the Saraswati River which becomes the Alaknanda farther south.

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Kamet Group				
Kamet	7756	25,447	30°55'13"	79°35'37"
Abi Gamin	7355	24,130	30°55'57"	79°36'09"
Mana	7272	23,860	30°52'52"	79°36'57"
Mukut Parbat	7242	23,760	30°57'08"	79°34'13"
Mana Northwest	7092	23,270	30°53'51"	79°35'46"
P 6977	6977	22,890	30°52'25"	79°38'10"
P 6940	6940	22,770	31°02'03"	79°30'20"
P 6910	6910	22,670	30°59'30"	79°31'53"
Deoban	6855	22,490	30°52'03"	79°39'07"
P 6775	6775	22,230	31°01'04"	79°30'57"
P 6760	6760	22,180	30°58'07"	79°33'07"
Hathi Parbat	6727	22,070	30°41'04"	79°42'28"
Ghori Parbat	6708	22,010	30°42'42"	79°42'08"
P 6684	6684	21,930	30°59'33"	79°33'07"
P 6651	6651	21,815	30°57'02"	79°37'05"
P 6629	6629	21,750	30°42'07"	79°41'51"
Mandir Parbat	6559	21,520	30°49'40"	79°36'19"
P 6559	6559	21,520	30°56'53"	79°35'30"
P 6541	6541	21,460	30°52'37"	79°35'37"
P 6535	6535	21,440	30°57'51"	79°40'17"
Ganesh Parbat	6532	21,430	30°58'17"	79°43'16"
P 6520 (Bidhan)	6520	21,390	30°51'53"	79°40'51"
P 6507	6507	21,350	31°01'58"	79°27'45"
Nilgiri Parbat	6474	21,240	30°47'03"	79°38'47"
Durpata	6465	21,210	30°43'02"	79°44'27"
Balbala	6416	21,050	31°01'26"	79°26'14"
Balbala West	6282	20,610	31°01'21"	79°24'59"
Rataban	6166	20,230	30°45'01"	79°42'19"
Geldhung	6163	20,220	30°53'39"	79°47'51"

Gangotri Group. The eastern limit is the Mana Pass and the Saraswati River, which becomes the Alaknanda. The western boundary is the Chor Gad, the Jadh Ganga and the Bhagirathi River. Some Indian experts would prefer to divide the group further, separating those peaks approached from the Alaknanda from those approached by the Bhagirathi but this does not seem to be logical. Because of the size of the group, the peaks are grouped in two subsections. The *North-eastern Gangotri Subsection* includes those peaks north of the Bhagirathi River and northeast of the Gangotri Glacier.

			North Latitude	East Longitude
	meters	feet		
Chaukhamba I	7138	23,420	30°44'59"	79°17'28"
Satopanth	7075	23,212	30°50'34"	79°12'53"
Chaukhamba II	7068	23,190	30°43'56"	79°16'53"
Chaukhamba III	6974	22,880	30°43'12"	79°16'36"
Sri Kailas	6932	22,745	31°00'54"	79°10'48"
Bhagirathi Parbat I	6856	22,493	30°50'49"	79°09'05"
Chaukhama IV	6854	22,487	30°43'07"	79°15'28"
P 6805	6805	22,330	30°46'33"	79°14'33"
P 6796	6796	22,297	30°57'47"	79°12'55"
Mana Parbat I	6794	22,290	30°56'53"	79°14'58"
Vasuki Parbat	6792	22,283	30°52'15"	79°10'40"
P 6772	6772	22,218	31°00'30"	79°07'56"
Mana Parbat II	6771	22,215	30°56'56"	79°15'20"
P 6770	6770	22,212	30°50'02"	79°12'05"
Chandra Parbat I	6739	22,110	30°52'05"	79°15'34"
P 6730	6730	22,080	30°56'58"	79°13'25"
Chandra Parbat II	6728	22,075	30°52'42"	79°14'59"
Matri	6721	22,050	31°00'42"	79°04'24"
P 6721	6721	22,050	30°48'27"	79°13'36"
P 6715	6715	22,030	31°01'24"	79°07'22"
P 6702	6702	21,990	30°51'23"	79°10'37"
P 6702	6702	21,990	30°48'56"	79°10'34"
P 6684	6684	21,930	30°49'16"	79°14'33"
Yogeshwar	6678	21,910	30°59'26"	79°07'11"
P 6666	6666	21,870	30°50'01"	79°14'19"
Chaturbhuj	6654	21,830	30°59'28"	79°05'46"
Nilkantha	6596	21,640	30°43'44"	79°24'00"
P 6587	6587	21,610	31°00'02"	79°11'53"
P 6587	6587	21,610	30°59'45"	79°12'25"
P 6565	6565	21,540	31°00'24"	79°05'00"
P 6565	6565	21,540	30°59'07"	79°09'13"
P 6557	6557	21,513	30°51'19"	79°15'26"
P 6557	6557	21,513	30°59'41"	79°09'07"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Chirbas Parbat	6529	21,420	31°02'00"	79°03'22"
P 6526	6526	21,410	30°50'02"	79°16'09"
Bhagirathi Parbat II	6512	21,364	30°52'47"	79°07'56"
Sudarshan Parbat	6507	21,350	30°58'24"	79°05'43"
P 6504	6504	21,340	30°49'35"	79°09'39"
Balakun	6471	21,230	30°46'00"	79°20'40"
Bhagirathi Parbat III	6454	21,175	30°51'58"	79°08'05"
Trimikhi Parbat	6422	21,070	31°02'57"	79°11'53"
Chaturangi	6407	21,020	30°55'34"	79°12'30"
Kalidhung	6373	20,910	31°02'23"	79°00'34"
Svetvarn	6340	20,800	30°58'58"	79°06'00"
Avalanche Peak	6190	20,310	30°50'34"	79°24'20"
Saife	6161	20,215	30°57'37"	79°06'05"
Shyamvaran	6135	20,128	30°58'21"	79°07'45"
Sarup Choti	6108	20,040	31°08'41"	79°18'24"
Kalindi	6102	20,020	30°55'10"	79°16'53"
Koteshwar I	6080	19,950	30°56'53"	79°06'10"
Tara	6069	19,912	31°02'47"	79°22'17"
Thelu	6002	19,690	30°57'47"	79°05'00"

The *Southwestern Gangotri Subsection* consists of those peaks south of the Bhagirathi River and southwest of the Gangotri Glacier.

Kedarnath	6940	22,770	30°47'42"	79°04'10"
Thalay Sagar	6904	22,650	30°51'29"	78°59'50"
Kedar Dome	6831	22,410	30°48'31"	79°04'44"
Bhrigupanth	6772	22,220	30°52'40"	79°00'14"
Gangotri I	6672	21,890	30°54'53"	78°50'46"
Meru South	6660	21,850	30°51'48"	79°02'07"
P 6638	6638	21,780	30°44'51"	79°14'44"
Jaonli	6632	21,760	30°51'04"	78°51'19"
Kharchakund	6612	21,695	30°46'43"	79°07'51"
Gangotri II	6590	21,620	30°54'06"	78°51'31"
Bharate Khunta	6578	21,580	30°48'04"	79°02'08"
Gangotri III	6577	21,578	30°52'57"	78°52'51"
Manda II (South)	6568	21,550	30°55'22"	79°00'00"
Shivling	6543	21,467	30°52'37"	79°03'56"
Manda III	6529	21,420	30°54'06"	79°00'09"
Manda I	6510	21,360	30°56'11"	79°00'01"
Jogin I	6465	21,210	30°52'30"	78°55'03"

	<i>meters</i>	<i>feet</i>	<i>North Latitude</i>	<i>East Longitude</i>
Meru North	6450	21,162	30°52'15"	79°01'53"
Meru West	6361	20,870	30°52'02"	79°01'15"
Jogin II	6342	20,807	30°53'41"	78°56'00"
Sumeri Parbat	6331	20,770	30°46'29"	79°07'34"
Kirti Stambh	6270	20,570	30°49'00"	79°01'54"
Mandini Parbat	6193	20,320	30°43'49"	79°12'00"
Srikanta	6133	20,120	30°52'13"	78°48'19"
Jogin III	6116	20,066	30°52'08"	78°56'08"
Bhrigu Parbat	6041	19,820	30°57'23"	78°59'10"

Bandarpunch Range. This range includes the Garhwali peaks north and west of the Bhagirathi River. Its eastern limit is the Chor Gad, the Jadh Ganga and the Bhagirathi River. The western limit is the Tons River. The northern limit is the Lamkhaga Pass and the Borasu Pass.

Kalanag (Black Peak)	6387	20,956	31°01'31"	78°34'24"
Bandarpunch	6316	20,720	31°00'01"	78°33'16"
Swargarohini I	6252	20,512	31°05'04"	78°30'58"
Swargarohini II	6247	20,496	31°05'	78°33'
Swargarohini III	6209	20,371	31°05'	78°31'
Bandarpunch West (White Peak)	6102	20,020	31°00'22"	78°31'37"

Exact positions and altitudes of the peaks in The Nepalese Himalaya are subject to further revision as a result of a series of Doppler slant bar satellite observations which are being carried out during 1984-85 by a British Army Survey Team in cooperation with the Surveyor General of Nepal to precisely position all the first-order survey stations in Nepal. Results will not be available for at least one year.